

Unpacking Disaggregated Course Completion Data through Equity-Minded Inquiry

SER Faculty Inquiry Team Meeting 1

February 19, 2016

Administration 131

9:00 a.m.-1:00 p.m.



Welcome and Today's Agenda

Overview of Student Equity

Idania Reyes

What Can We Do as Faculty

Jason Suárez

~~Break~~

Unpacking Disaggregated Data

Idania Reyes

Unpacking Divisional Data

Faculty Inquiry Teams

Equity-Minded Inquiry

Hong Herrera Thomas John Baranski

~~Working Lunch~~

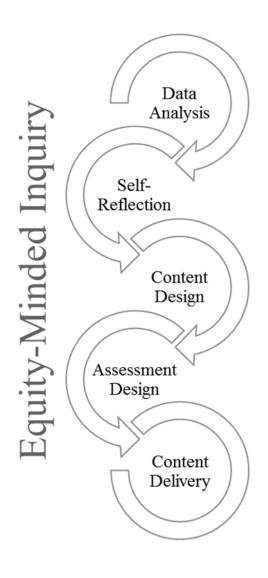
Breakout Session 2

Equity-Minded Inquiry

Faculty Inquiry Teams

Conclusion





An Overview of Student Equity

Idania Reyes, Director of the Student Equity Program
El Camino College

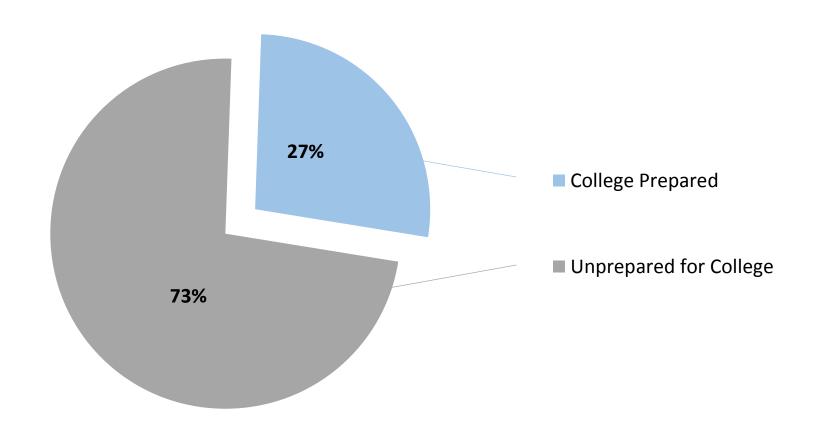


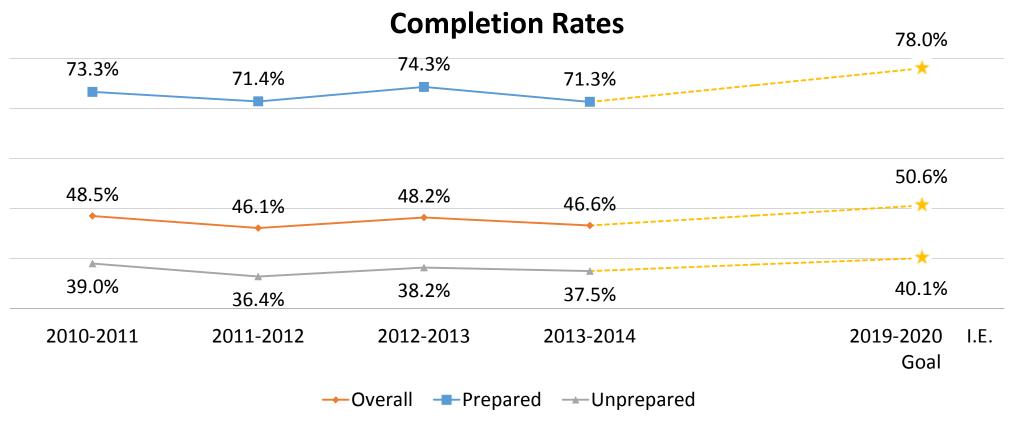


El Camino College 2015 Student Success Scorecard

Complete Student Success Scorecard is available on the Chancellor's Office Website: www.ccco.edu

Percentage of 2013-14 Cohort Unprepared for College

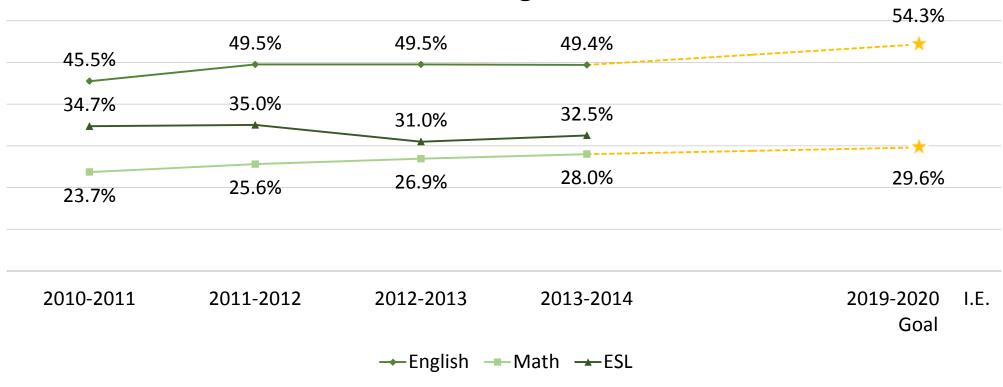




Among those whose first record in the CCC system is at El Camino College who are degree-, certificate-, and/or transfer-seeking students: the percentage who completed a degree, certificate or transfer-related outcomes anywhere in the CCC system within six years.

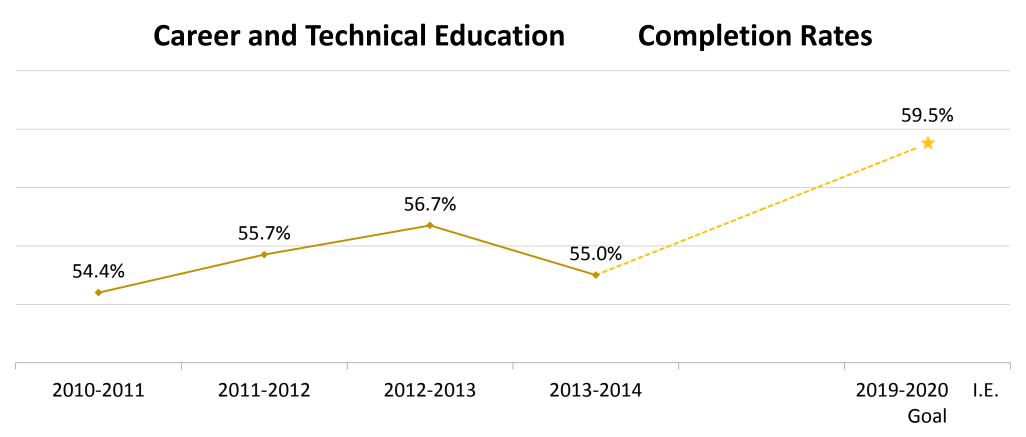


Remedial Progress Rates



Among credit students whose first attempt of below-transfer-level English, Math, and/or ESL in the CCC system is at El Camino College: the percentage who completed a college-level course in the same discipline anywhere in the CCC system within six years.





Among those whose first attempt of a CTE course in the CCC system is at El Camino College and completed more than eight units in courses classified as career technical education (or vocational) in a single discipline: the percentage who completed a degree or certificate, or who transferred anywhere in the CCC system within six years.



SUCCESS **INDICATORS**

ACCESS

COURSE COMPLETION

FSI AND BASIC SKILLS COMPLETION

DEGREE AND CERTIFICATE COMPLETION

TRANSFER

Each success indicator has five components

Success indicator outcomes are to be disaggregated by the racial/ethnic groups and characteristics listed to the right.

SUCCESS INDICATOR COMPONENTS

- Campus-Based Research (DATA)
- 2. Goals
- Activities
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation

RACIAL / ETHNIC GROUPS

- American Indian or
 Native Hawaiian or other
 - Alaska Native Pacific Islander Asian
- Black or African American
- White
- Hispanic or Latino
- More than one race

CHARACTERISTICS

- Males
- Females
- Veterans

- · Current or former foster youth
- · Students with disabilities
- Low-income students

PLAN ORGANIZATION AT ECC

Student Equity Program

Student Equity Support

Promoting
Collaborations
between focused
programs:
ie. Veterans, Foster
Youth, Project Success,
Puente, etc.

Success Indicators: ESL/Basic Skills

Professional Development

Work with the
Professional
Development office and
Faculty Development
Committee to schedule
ongoing development in
areas affecting equity

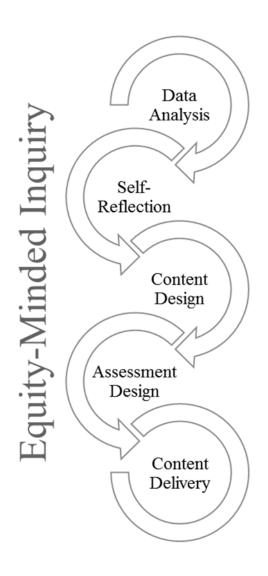
Success Indicators: Degree/Certificate Completion Transfer/Access

Across Curriculum Interventions

Promoting traditional student support activities: i.e. tutoring, Supplemental instruction, etc.

Success Indicator: Course Completion



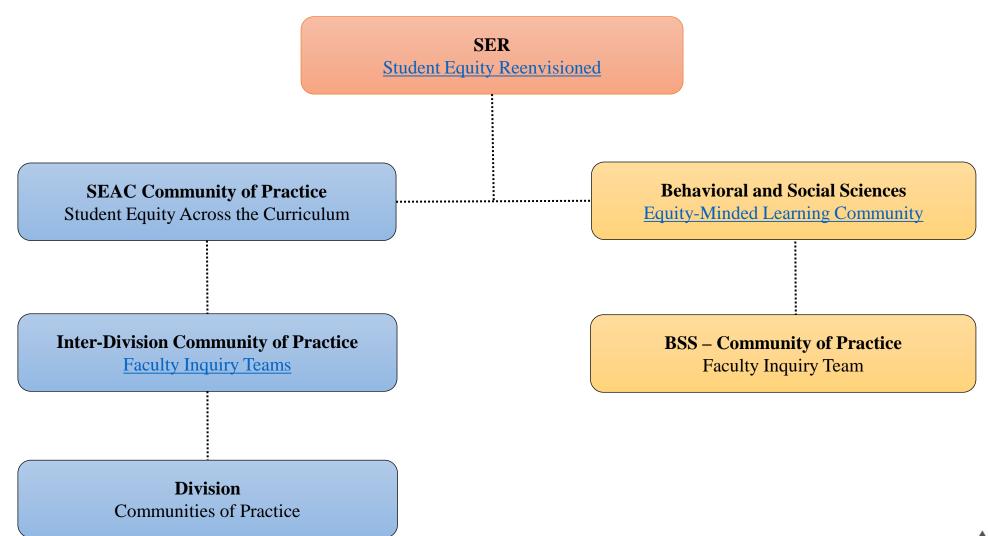


What We Can Do as Faculty

Jason R. Suárez, History Department/SER Faculty Coordinator El Camino College



What exactly is SER?



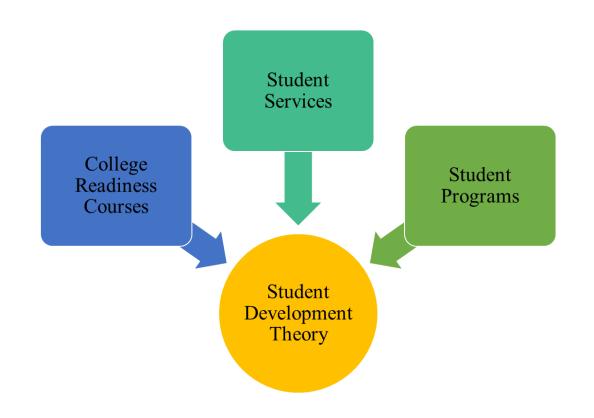


Student development theory

When creating equity plans, traditional institutional practices tend to focus more on . . .

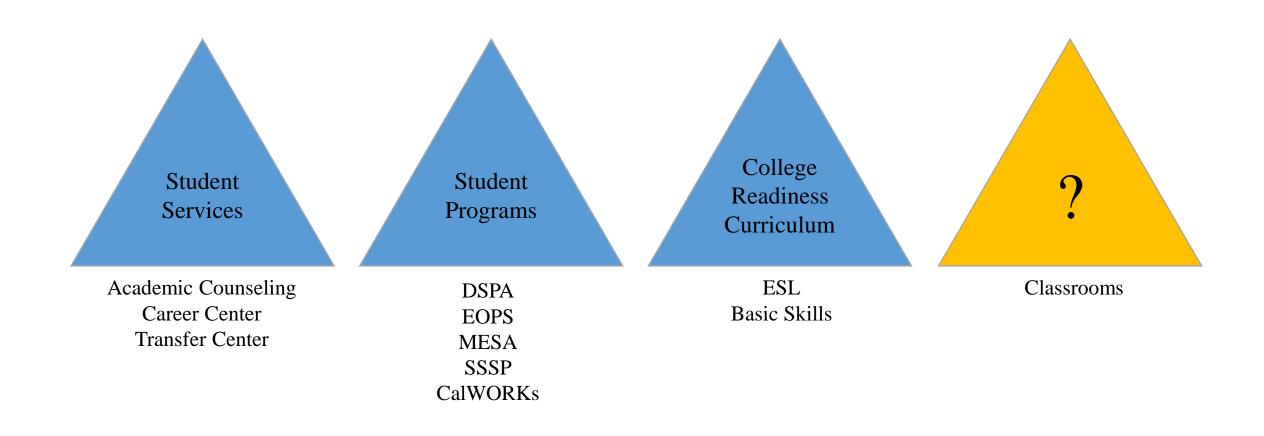
- Bolstering college-readiness curriculum (ESL, developmental and basic skills)
- Effectively coordinating and integrating key student and learning support services

Student are characteristics are perceived as the primary cause of differences in educational outcomes.





What is missing from this approach?





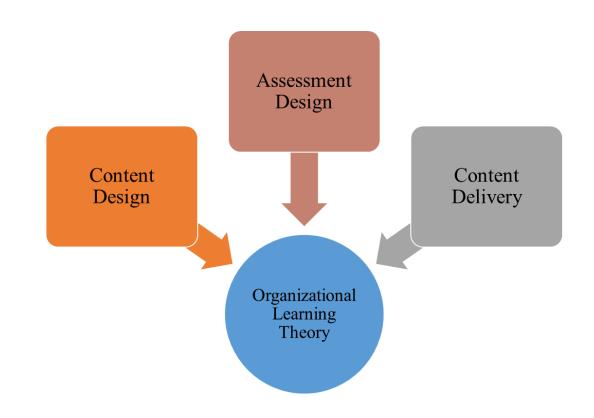
Organizational learning theory

SER proposes approaching student equity from the organizational learning theory model.

This framework encourages faculty to reflect on . . .

- Their content and assessment design
- Their content delivery

This model will move faculty from viewing inequities from deficit-minded to equity-minded





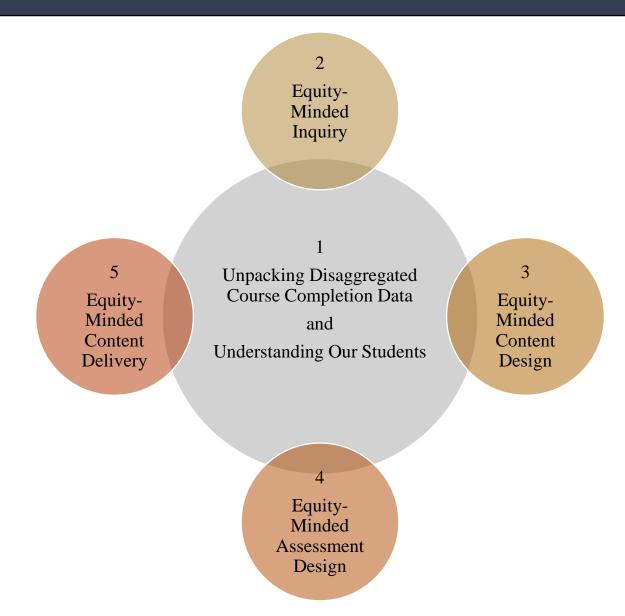
Bridging two worlds

The difference between the two is how equity is framed. What would happen both are are bridged?





The SER equity-minded framework

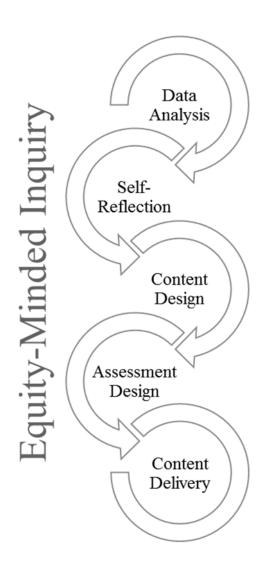




Data Analysis Equity-Minded Inquiry Self-Reflection Content Design Assessment Design Content Delivery

Session Break



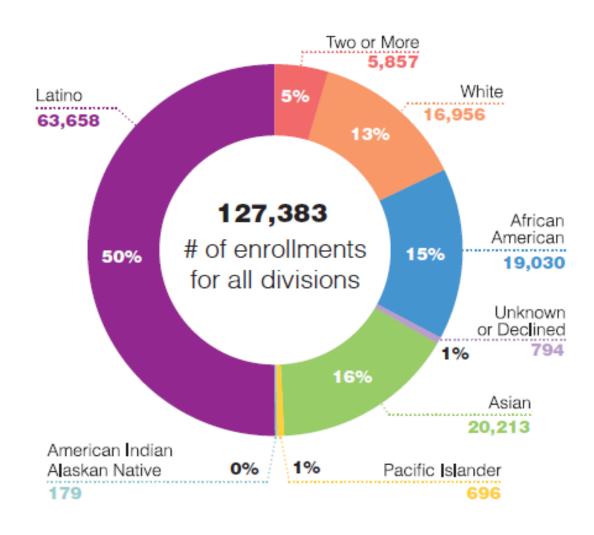


Unpacking Disaggregated Data

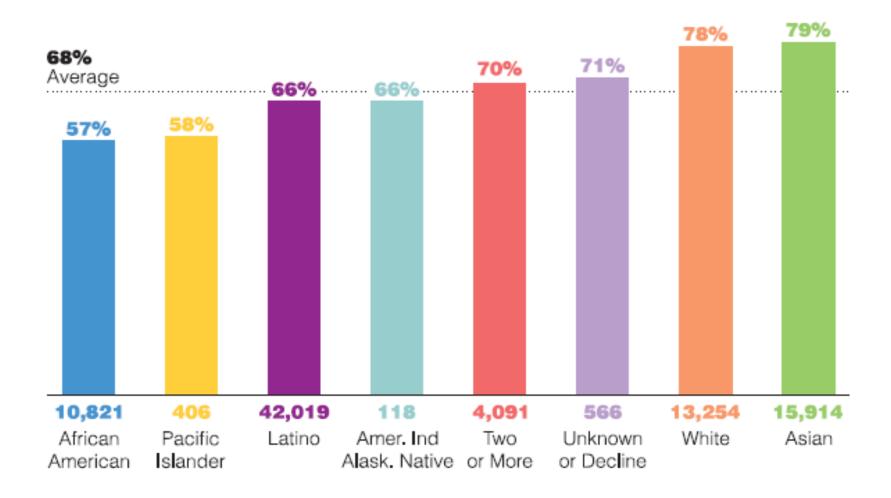
Idania Reyes, Director of the Student Equity Program
El Camino College



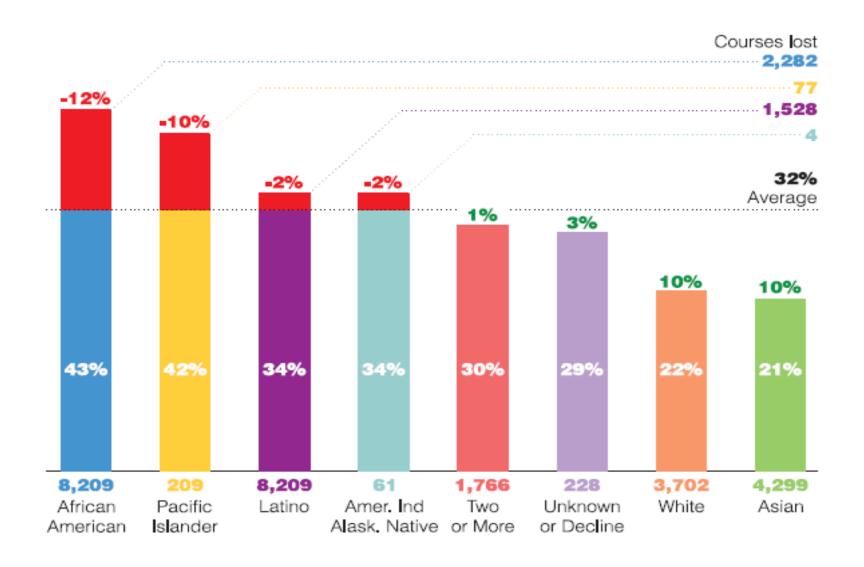
Course Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity - Fall 2014 & Spring 2015



Course Completion by Race/Ethnicity Successfully Completed with A, B, or C



Course Completion Gaps



African American Course Completion by All Divisions

Division	# of Course Enrollments by African American Students at Census	% of All course enrollments by African American Students that were successfully completed with an A, B, or C	% of All course enrollments by All Students that were successfully completed with an A, B, or C	Percentage Point Difference
Behavioral and Social Science	4,104	59.55%	70.73%	-11.18
Business	1,115	47.53%	63.23%	-15.69
Fine Arts	2,851	63.35%	75.12%	-11.78
Health Sciences and Athletics	2,841	67.09%	77.40%	-10.31
Humanities	3,488	52.41%	65.66%	-13.26
Industry and Technology	1,206	62.19%	76.91%	-14.72
Mathematical Sciences	2,210	41.40%	54.53%	-13.12
Natural Sciences	1,132	51.15%	63.79%	-12.64
Total	18,947	56.78%	68.39%	-11.61

Latino Course Completion by All Divisions

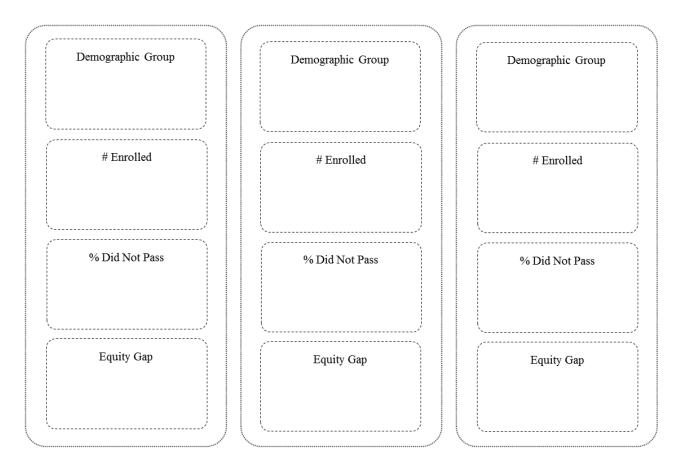
Division	# of Course Enrollments by Latino Students at Census	% of All course enrollments by Latino Students that were successfully completed with an A, B, or C	% of All course enrollments by All Students that were successfully completed with an A, B, or C	Percentage Point Difference
Behavioral and Social Science	14,492	68.32%	70.73%	-2.41
Business	2,928	60.31%	63.23%	-2.91
Fine Arts	7,915	73.75%	75.12%	-1.38
Health Sciences and Athletics	6,692	76.08%	77.40%	-1.32
Humanities	12,343	64.30%	65.66%	-1.37
Industry and Technology	4,820	75.35%	76.91%	-1.55
Mathematical Sciences	9,125	50.68%	54.53%	-3.84
Natural Sciences	5,124	59.41%	63.79%	-4.38
Total	63,439	65.94%	68.39%	-2.45

Breakout Session 1

Unpacking Disaggregated Course Completion Data Poster

Instructions

- 1. Identify the three demographic groups with the largest equity gaps.
- 2. Record the data requested on your wall poster.
- 3. Analyze what the data suggests about the state of equity in your division.
- 4. Address the questions provided in your toolkit.

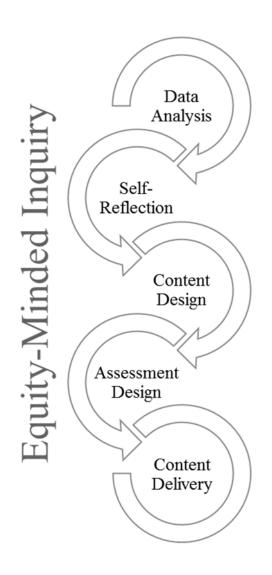




Data Analysis Equity-Minded Inquiry Self-Reflection Content Design Assessment Design Content Delivery

Working Lunch





Equity-Minded Inquiry

Hong Herrera Thomas, History Department
BSS Faculty Inquiry Team Leader
El Camino College

John Baranski, History Department BSS Faculty Inquiry Team Leader El Camino College



What is equity?

What do the following three quotes suggest equity is?

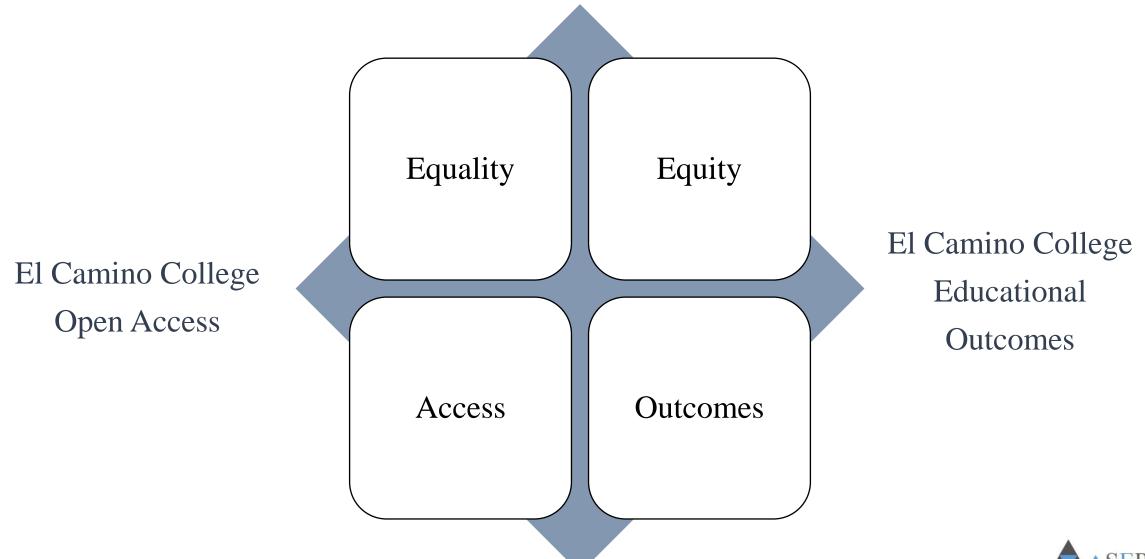
"Equity is not about equal treatment of students, but equal educational results. With equity, all students—no exceptions—are guaranteed success in school." - Curtis Linton

"A key phrase for understanding student equity data is adverse or disproportional impact. Typically, this phrase reminds educators to examine data for differences in outcomes and consider if the cohort with fewer successes than other cohorts is experiencing barriers that specifically impact that group." - Student Equity: From Dialog and Access to Action

"Equity refers to achieving parity in student educational outcomes." - Center for Urban Education



The difference between equality and equity



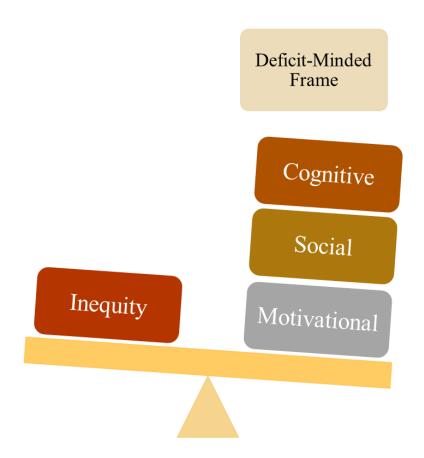


Deficit-minded frame

Distinction between deficit-minded and equity-minded inquiry is the how inequity is framed with the context of educational outcomes.

A deficit-minded approach to inequity posits that students who fail in school do so because of . . .

- Alleged internal deficits such as cognitive and/or motivational limitations
- Shortcomings socially linked to the student

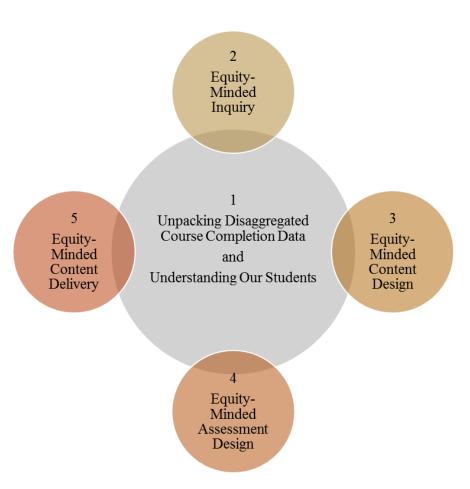




Equity-minded frame into the classroom

An equity-minded approach to inequity involves . . .

- Data-driven inquiry into student outcomes
- Awareness of identity-based inequities as institutional problems
- Personal and collective responsibility for achieving outcomes





Content Design (For American Studies, Women's Studies, and Ethnic Studies courses)

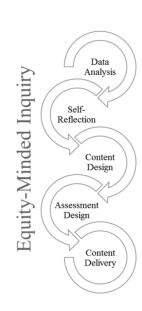
Topic of identity, social problems, and agency

Components:

Bring in a song that speaks to your identity. Relate it back to the course themes and explain why it is significant to you.

Bridging Equity Gap:

- Allows students to find materials relevant to themselves.
- Allows them ownership of knowledge production.





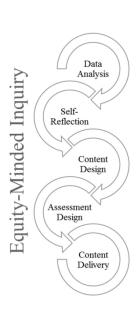
Assessment Design

Components:

- Class discussion lead by student presenters and guided by instructor.
- Instance feedback and assessment of content comprehension.

Bridging Equity Gap:

• Allows for instant and personalized feedback and conversation that is meaningful to the student.





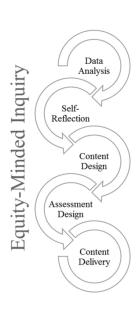
Content Delivery Design

Components:

• Model the assignment to the students by bring in a clip and explaining personal significance and tying to course themes.

Bridging Equity Gap:

Allows all students to participate and engage in course content.





Content Design (for history, other social science and humanities)

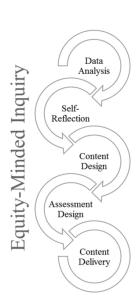
Topic: race relations and work

Components:

 Content (readings, video clips, lectures, examples) selection to reflect the diversity of students.

Bridging Equity Gap:

Increase chance of students connecting with course content.





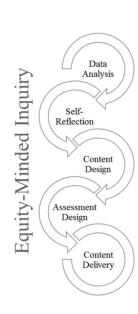
Assessment and Delivery Design

Components:

- Individual and group quizzes
- Group discussions
- Group quizzes include post-quiz class discussion

Bridging Equity Gap:

- Frequent low stakes assessments
- Check in with student understanding of material and concepts
- Opportunity to do interventions with struggling students



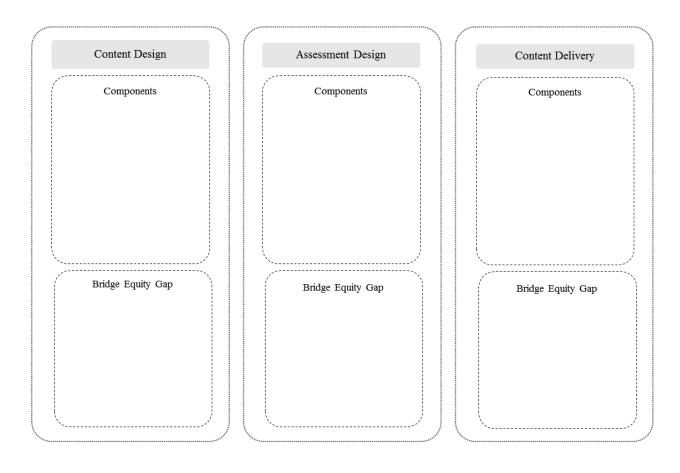


Breakout Session 2

Equity-Minded Inquiry into Classroom Practices

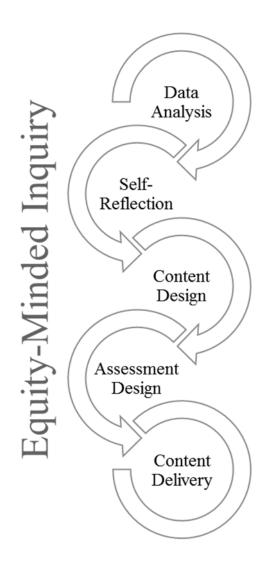
Instructions

- 1. Identify one demographic group from your Unpacking Disaggregated Course Completion Data Poster.
- 2. Share possible equity-minded designs for course content, course assessments and content delivery selecting one for each of these categories that may contribute to closing the identified equity gap for the identified demographic group.
- 3. Map on your poster the designs key components and refer to specific ways in which these designs will help bridge the equity gap.









Unpacking Disaggregated Course Completion Data through Equity-Minded Inquiry

Thank you for participating in today's event!

Visit the SER Website at http://eccser.org

Please feel free to contact me at <u>jsuarez@elcamino.edu</u>